

Technical Information PC85 Rubber Toughened

+ CYANOACRYLATE ADHESIVE

Clear - High Temp - High Viscosity

kg/cm² psi psi cP

Product Description

Procure™ PC85 is a clear rubber toughened, high temperature, high viscosity cyanoacrylate with higher peel and shock resistance than standard cyanoacrylate products. **PC85** is specially formulated to achieve the strongest possible bond between well-mated, non-porous surfaces, such as rubber, plastics and metals.

Physical Properties

Liquid State		Cured State		
Base	Ethyl Cyanoacrylate	Colour	Black	
Colour	Black	Specific Gravity (20°C)	1.1-1.3	
Specific Gravity (20°C)	1.05-1.06	Service Temperature	-55 °C to 125°C	
Refraction Index (n 20D)	1.439	Refractive Index (n 20D)	1.49	
Flash Point (°C)	>80°C	Dielectric Constant (at 10MHz)	3.5	
Shelf Life	6 months			
Boiling Point	65°C at 16mmHg	Soluble in Acetone, Nitromethane.		
Viscosity (cP)	3500-6000			

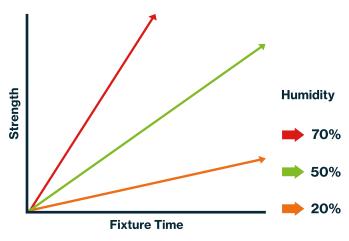
Bond Strength

(Tensile shear strength, cured for 24 hours at 20-25°C)

Substrate	N/mm ²	
Rigid PVC to Rigid PVC	4 to 8	
ABS to ABS	5 to 10	
Nitrile Rubber to Nitrile Rubber	5 to 10	
Stainless steel to Stainless steel	16 to 22	
Aluminium to Aluminium	11 to 19	

Fixture Time vs. Humidity

Cyanoacrylates require surface moisture on the substrates in order to initiate the curing mechanism. The speed of cure is reduced in low-humidity conditions.



The graph depicted is not scientific and is for guidance only.

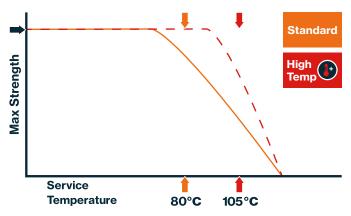
Typical Fixture Time Performance

Substrate	Seconds	Conversion
Steel to Steel	20-50	(°C x 1.8) + 32
		N/mm ² ÷ 0.098
ABS to ABS	25-70	N/mm² x 145
Nitrile Rubber to Nitrile Rubber	5-10	MPa x 145
Wood to Wood (balsa)	>60	mPa·s

(Full cure and maximum strength achieved after 24 hours)

Hot Strength

Procure™ rubber toughened cyanoacrylates are suitable for use at temperatures up to 105°C. At 105°C the bond will be approximately 70% of the strength at 21°C.



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Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Procure™ cyanoacrylates exhibit excellent chemical resistance to most oils and solvents including motor oil, leaded petrol, ethanol and isopropanol. Cyanoacrylates are generally not resistant to high levels of moisture or humidity over extended periods of time.

Fixture Time vs. Bond Gap

Procure™ cyanoacrylates give best results on close fitting parts. The product should be applied in a very thin line in order to ensure rapid polymerisation and a strong bond. Excessive bond gaps will result in slower fixture times.

Fixture Time vs. Activator

Procure™ activators **PC750**, **PC780** and **PC790** may be used with cyanoacrylates where a faster cure speed is required. Fixture times of less than 2 seconds can be obtained with most cyanoacrylates. Testing on the parts to measure the effect is recommended.



SCAN FOR SAFETY DATA SHEET

Directions For Use

1. Make sure the surfaces to be bonded are clean and dry.

- 2. Dispense adhesive to one surface only. Apply only enough to leave a thin film after compression.
- 3. Press parts together and hold firmly for a few seconds. (Maximum strength is achieved in 24 hours).
- 4. Procure[™] activator can be used to cure exposed adhesive outside of the joint, to help prevent blooming.
- 5. Wipe off excess adhesive from the top of the container and recap.

Priming

Procure[™] PC77 primer is recommended for use on low energy plastic surfaces such as polyethylene, polypropylene, PTFE and thermoplastic rubber materials.

Apply to one surface only. **PC77** also has a mild activating effect which may accelerate the cure speed of cyanoacrylate adhesives.

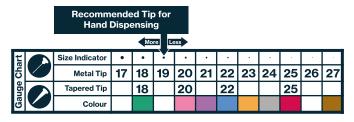
Debonding

Cured cyanoacrylate may be removed from most substrates, and parts disassembled, with **Procure™ PC68** debonder - however, ensure to test compatibility of the substrate with **PC68** first as this may dissolve some plastics.

It is not possible to fully remove cyanoacrylate from fabrics.

Dispensing

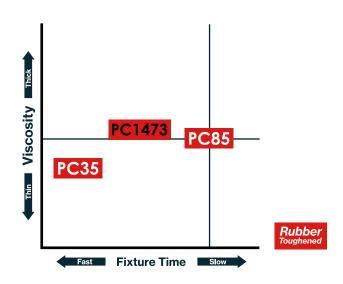
Factors that affect dispensing are pressure, time and needle size. As a general reference low viscosity liquid would need a small needle diameter and less pressure, a high viscosity liquid would need a larger needle diameter (tapered recommended) with higher pressure to dispense.



This chart is a recommended gauge for hand dispensing based on the product viscosity, other factors not mentioned above may also affect dispensing. Tip colour may vary.

Alternative Product Suggestions

The following suggested products will allow adjustments to the fixture time performance, and viscosity if needed.



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Storage

Store in a cool area and out of direct sunlight. Refrigeration to 5°C gives optimum storage stability.

General Information

For information on safe handling of this product consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).



Disclaimer

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